

# 2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

# SUNRISE UTILITY ASSOCIATION INC

Public Water System Name

## 0180013

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR.

procedures when distributing the CCR.							
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply.)							
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, wa	DATE ISSUED						
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)							
✓On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		4/29/21					
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)							
✓ Other website and posted in the office	4/23/21						
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water	bill or other)	DATE ISSUED					
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail							
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):	:						
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment							
$\hfill \square$ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message	₹						
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)							
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)							
✓ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL): http://s	4/23/21						
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.    Adele Malone   Adele Malone   Office Manager   4/29/21     Name   Date   Date							
	Select one method ONLY)	Date					
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.							
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.g Fax: (601) 576-7800						

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

### 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Sunrise Utility Association, Inc. PWS# 0180013 April 2021

We're pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details regarding the quality of your drinking water and show our efforts to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. Our water source is from four wells drawing from the Lower and Middle Catahoula Aquifer. In this report, you will see a snapshot of last year's water quality which is regulated by Mississippi State Department of Health. We are committed to providing a safe and dependable supply of drinking water to our customers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for Sunrise Utility Association, Inc. have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerns regarding your water, please contact Mason Lovett at (601) 549-2987 or (601) 582-9354. We want our valued customers to be informed about the water system. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our monthly meetings, scheduled for the second Thursday of each month. You may also attend our annual meeting which is held on the second Friday in April at 7:00 p.m. at the Sunrise Volunteer Fire Department.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

MC	MCLG	MCL,	Detect	Range					
Contaminants	or MRDLG	TT, or	In Your Water	Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source	
Disinfectants & Disinfe	ection By-	Product	ts						
(There is convincing evi	idence that	addition	n of a dis	infect	ant is r	ecessary	for control	of microbial contaminants)	
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.2	.7	2.1	2020	No	Water additive used to control microbes	
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	1	NA	NA	2018*	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	7.37	NA	NA	2019*	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection	

	MCLG	MCI	Detect	Ra	nge			
Contaminants	or MRDLG	TT, or	In Your Water	Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Inorganic Contaminants								
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	.878	.6	1.2	2019*	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10	.08	.08	.08	2020	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1	.02	.02	.02	2020	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA		48	43	48	2019*	No	Likely source of contamination - road salt, water treatment, chemicals, water softeners and sewage effluents.

Contaminants	MCLG	ΑL	Your Water		# Samples Exceeding AL	Exceeds AL	Typical Source	
Inorganic Contaminants								
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.4	2018*	0	l No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15	1	2018*	0	l No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates most recent sample year, and no sample was required for 2020.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, Mississippi State Department of Health now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period. Your water is treated by disinfection. Disinfection involves the addition of chlorine or other disinfectant to kill dangerous bacteria and microorganisms that may be in the water. Disinfection is considered to be one of the major public health advances of the 20th century.

Monitoring and reporting of compliance data violations:

Our water system had a minor chlorine monitoring violation from the Mississippi State Department of Health. Our customers were notified on via mail on October 30, 2020. The violation period was from 7/1/2020 to 9/30/2020. Six samples were taken, and all six samples were tested by the Health Department. Each sample was free from bacteria; however, one sample had missing information on our paperwork which resulted in this violation.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Sunrise Utility Association, Inc. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

For more information please contact: Mason Lovett 684 Sunrise Rd Petal, MS 39465

Phone: 601-549-2987 or 601-582-9354

# SUNRISE UTILITY ASSOCIATION

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report (CCR)

COPIES AVAILABLE IN OUR OFFICE: 465 Batson Rd
Petal, MS 39465

OR

ON OUR WEBSITE: www.sunrisewater.org/

Posted: 4/29/2021

SUNRISE UTILITY ASSOC., INC. 465 BATSON RD. PETAL, MS 39465 PHONE: 601-582-9354 www.sunrisewater.org

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CCR Report: sunrisewater.org/ assets/file/sunrise2020.pdf

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